



1959

Bulletin of the University of Kentucky College of Law – 1959-1961

University of Kentucky College of Law

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Bulletin of the University of Kentucky



College of Law

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

1959-1961



UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

College of Law

Detailed information regarding
admission requirements will be
found on page 11



BULLETIN OF THE UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

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UNIVERSITY CALENDAR

1959-1960

FIRST SEMESTER

Sept. 13-19	Orientation Week for all new students
Sept. 14-16	Classification tests, physical examinations, and advising of all new students
Sept. 17	Registration and classification of new freshmen
Sept. 17-19	Registration and classification of all other students according to alphabetical schedule
Sept. 21	Class work begins
Sept. 26	Last date one may enter an organized class for the first semester
Oct. 1, 2	Period for filing applications for degrees
Nov. 26-30	Thanksgiving holidays
Dec. 19	Christmas holidays, begin at noon
1960	
Jan. 4	Christmas holidays end, 8:00 a.m.
Jan. 18-22	Final examinations
Jan. 22	End of first semester

SECOND SEMESTER

Jan. 30	Classification tests and physical examinations for all new students
Feb. 1, 2	Registration and classification of all students according to an alphabetical schedule
Feb. 3	Class work begins
Feb. 9	Last date one may enter an organized class for the second semester
Feb. 15-16	Period for filing applications for degrees
Apr. 7-9	Spring vacation
May 28	Alumni Day
May 29	Baccalaureate Services
May 30	Ninety-Third Annual Commencement
May 31-June 4	Final Examinations
June 4	End of second semester

SUMMER SESSION

June 13	Classification tests and physical examinations for all new students
June 14	Registration and classification of all students according to an alphabetical schedule
June 15	Class work begins
June 18	Last date one may enter an organized class for the summer session
July 4	Independence Day holiday
August 5	End of summer session

1960-1961

Sept. 12-18	Orientation Week for all new students
Sept. 16	First semester opens

(Other dates to be announced)

THE LAW FACULTY

FRANK GRAVES DICKEY, A.B., M.A., Ed.D., LL.D., President of the University

WILLIAM LEWIS MATTHEWS, JR., A.B., LL.B., LL.M., S.J.D., Dean.

ROY MORELAND, A.B., LL.B., J.D., S.J.D., Professor of Law. A.B. 1920, Transylvania College; LL.B. 1923, University of Kentucky; J.D. 1928, University of Chicago; S.J.D. 1942, Harvard University, Research fellow, Harvard Law School, 1936-37. Practiced in Lexington, Kentucky. Faculty editor, Kentucky Law Journal, 1931-50. Assistant Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1926-27, Associate Professor of Law, 1927-29, Professor of Law since 1929. Admitted to Kentucky and federal bars. U.S. Army, 1918-19.

DOROTHY SALMON, B.S., LL.B., Law Librarian and Associate Professor of Law. B.S. 1933, LL.B. 1938, University of Kentucky; Columbia University, 1946. Secretary of University of Kentucky College of Law, 1933-45. Law Librarian since 1945; Instructor in Law, 1945-49, Assistant Professor of Law, 1949-56; Associate Professor of Law since 1956. Admitted to Kentucky bar.

PAUL OBERST, A.B., LL.B., LL.M., Professor of Law. A.B. 1936, Evansville College; LL.B. 1939, University of Kentucky; LL.M. 1941, University of Michigan. Research assistant, University of Michigan Law School, 1940-41. Part-time research assistant to Court of Appeals of Kentucky, 1953. Visiting Professor of Law, University of Chicago Law School 1955-56, Southern Methodist summer 1957, University of Michigan Law School summer 1959, Faculty editor, Kentucky Law Journal, since 1956. Practiced in Kansas City, Missouri. Assistant Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1946-47; Professor of Law since 1947. Admitted to Kentucky, Missouri and federal bars. U.S. Naval Reserve, 1942-45. On leave 1959-61.

WILLIAM L. MATTHEWS, JR., A.B., LL.B., LL.M., S.J.D., Dean and Professor of Law. A.B. 1941, Western Kentucky State College; LL.B. 1941, University of Kentucky; LL.M. 1946, S.J.D. 1949, University of Michigan. Graduate fellow, University of Michigan Law School, 1941-42, 1946. Visiting Professor of Law, University of North Carolina School of Law summer 1958, New York University summer 1959. Practiced in Bowling Green, Kentucky. Associate Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1947-49, Professor of Law since 1949, Acting Dean 1951-52, 1956-57, Dean since 1957. Admitted to Kentucky and federal bars. U.S. Army Air Force, 1942-45.

WILLBURT D. HAM, B.S., LL.B., LL.M., Professor of Law. B.S. 1937, LL.B. 1940, University of Illinois; LL.M. 1941, Harvard University. Practiced in Springfield, Illinois. Instructor in Business Law, University of Alabama, 1941-42; Assistant Professor of Law, University of Cincinnati, 1946-49. Associate Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1949-51; Professor of Law since 1951. Admitted to Kentucky, Illinois and federal bars.

FREDERICK W. WHITESIDE, JR., B.A., LL.B., Professor of Law. B.A. 1933, University of Arkansas; LL.B. 1936, Cornell University. Graduate work, Yale Law School, 1956-57. Practiced in New York City and Washington, D.C. Faculty editor, Kentucky Law Journal, 1951-56. Assistant Professor of Law, 1940-45, Associate Professor of Law, 1945-48. University of Arkansas; Associate Professor of Law, Rutgers University, 1948-49. Visiting Professor of Law, summer 1948, University of Oklahoma; summer 1949, University of Arkansas; summers 1951, 1952, and 1955. George Washington University. Associate Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1949-51; Professor of Law since 1951. Admitted to Kentucky, New York, Arkansas, federal and U.S. Supreme Court bars. U.S. Naval Reserve 1944-46. On leave 1959-60.

JESSE J. DUKEMINIER, JR., A.B., LL.B., Professor of Law. A.B. 1948, Harvard College; LL.B. 1951, Yale University. Graduate fellow, Yale Law School, 1953-54. Practiced in New York City. Assistant Professor of Law, University of Minnesota, 1954-55; Visiting Professor of Law, University of Mississippi, second semester 1957-58; University of Chicago, summer 1959. Associate Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1955-57; Professor of Law since 1957. Admitted to New York and federal bars. U.S. Army, 1943-45.

RICHARD D. GILLIAM, JR., B.A., LL.B., Professor of Law. B.A. 1923, LL.B. 1924, University of Virginia. Graduate fellow, Yale Law School, 1949-51; research fellow, University of Virginia Law School, 1954-55. Practiced in Birmingham, Alabama. Court Supervisor for Korean Courts, USMG, 1946-48; United States specialist, International Educational Exchange Service of the State Department, Korea, summer 1957. Associate Professor of Law, Wake Forest College, 1953-54. Visiting Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1951-52, 1955-57. Professor of Law since 1957. Admitted to Virginia and Alabama bars. U.S. Army 1917-19, 1942-46.

THOMAS P. LEWIS, A.B., LL.B., Assistant Professor of Law. A.B. 1959, LL.B. 1954, University of Kentucky. Graduate fellow, Harvard Law School, 1959-60. Assistant Professor of Law since 1957. Admitted to Kentucky bar. U.S. Navy 1954-57. On leave 1959-60.

JAMES R. RICHARDSON, A.B., LL.B., LL.M., Professor of Law. A.B. 1930 Eastern Kentucky State College, LL.B. 1934, University of Kentucky, LL.M. 1955, Yale University. Sturges Fellow, Yale Law School, 1954-55. Practiced in Richmond, Kentucky, 1935-45; Lexington, Kentucky, 1955-57. Professor of Law, Stetson University, 1949-51, University of Florida, 1951-54. Visiting Professor of Law, George Washington University, summer 1958. Visiting Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1957-58. Professor of Law since 1958. Admitted to Kentucky bar.

WILLIAM M. LEWERS, B.S.L., J.D., Visiting Professor of Law. B.S.L. 1949, J.D. 1950, University of Illinois. Graduate work in Law, 1952-53, Yale University. Practiced in Kansas City, Missouri, and with federal government. Research assistant, Yale Law School, 1953-54. Assistant Professor of Law, University of Kentucky College of Law, 1954-55, University of Illinois College of Law, 1955-58. Visiting Professor of Law since February 1959. Admitted to Missouri bar. U.S. Army 1950-51.

W. LEWIS ROBERTS, A.B., A.M., J.D., S.J.D., Research Professor of Law. A.B. 1903, Brown University; A.M. 1915, Pennsylvania State College; J.D. 1920, University of Chicago; S.J.D. 1930, Harvard University. Visiting Professor of Law, University of Houston, 1947-49, Valparaiso University, 1949-50, St. Louis University, 1950-51. Practiced in Boston, Massachusetts, and Baltimore, Maryland. Professor of Law, University of Kentucky, 1920-47; Research Professor of Law since 1947. Admitted to Kentucky and Massachusetts bars.

JAY W. MURPHY, A.B., J.D., LL.M., Visiting Professor of Law. A.B. 1933, University of Illinois; J.D. 1943, LL.M. 1944, George Washington University. Professor of Law, University of Alabama, since 1949. Admitted to District of Columbia and Alabama bars.

JAMES S. KOSTAS, A.B., LL.B., Visiting Assistant Professor of Law. A.B. 1951, University of Southern California; LL.B. 1954, University of Kentucky. Bigelow Fellow, University of Chicago, 1954-55. Practiced in Los Angeles, 1955-59. Admitted to Kentucky and California bars.

COLLEGE OF LAW

THE COLLEGE OF LAW was organized in 1908 as the fourth college of the University of Kentucky, under the deanship of Judge W. T. Lafferty, for whom the present building is named, and in 1912 was admitted to membership in the Association of American Law Schools. In 1912 also the College began publication of its own law review, being one of the first schools in the nation to do so, and a few years later established one of the first practice courts in the country to be made an integral part of the regular curriculum. Judge Lyman Chalkley was named acting dean when Judge Lafferty died in 1922, and Charles J. Turck succeeded him in 1924. In 1925 the College was placed on the approved list of the American Bar Association. When Dean Turck resigned in 1927 to become president of Centre College he was succeeded by Alvin E. Evans, who served as dean for twenty-one years. In 1937 the College moved into the newly constructed Lafferty Hall, which it still occupies. The College operated without interruption through World War II, just as it had done during World War I, though with reduced enrollment. The postwar enrollment was greatly increased between 1945 and 1950 and fell slightly below normal during the Korean War. In the last five years the size of the student body and of the faculty has gradually increased. When Dean Evans retired in 1948 he was succeeded by Elvis J. Stahr, jr., who served as dean for nine years before resigning to become vice-chancellor of the University of Pittsburgh.

Through the years, as an integral part of the University, the College has served the Commonwealth by sending out many graduates who have become leaders in the profession. It is a tradition of the College, however, that its opportunity for service is not limited in scope. Rather it attempts to offer its training in such a way that its graduates can practice their profession on a local, regional or national level. Much of the school's success in the past seems to lie in the fact that it has studiously avoided limiting its outlook.

The College of Law is accredited by all agencies which establish standards for law schools, including the Court of Appeals of Kentucky, the Association of American Law Schools, the American Bar Association, the Regents of the University of the State of New York, and the Courts and Bar Examiners of all forty-eight states. It has a

chapter of the Order of the Coif, an honor society for the recognition of excellence in law study, and its law review, the Kentucky Law Journal, is listed on all recognized lists of leading legal periodicals. Its library is among the largest in the South and regionally recognized for the completeness of its Reports collection.

THE INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM

The instructional program of the College is designed to provide the individual student with a foundation education in law of lasting quality. This involves a great deal more than the mere study of substantive legal principles; and the program is arranged to assist the student in acquiring the myriad skills that solution of modern legal problems demands, to acquaint him with related and interdependent fields of knowledge, to make certain that he has an appreciation for and understanding of the legal, social and political institutions on which the administration of justice rests, to prepare him for the policy and ethical decisions he must make on behalf of the community in practicing his profession; in short, to give him broad, practical, basic legal training of unmatched excellence that will permit unlimited development of his legal capacities throughout his career.

Four methods of formal and informal instruction are emphasized:

(1) *Procedure in Class.* In the classroom the student and instructor discuss fundamentally important legal cases or lawsuits as they have been decided by the courts of last resort in the various jurisdictions of this country and England. This free discussion gives the student a systematic background of knowledge about principles of law and helps him to learn to solve a legal problem by thinking through it as well as by comparing and distinguishing cases. Just as the unique structure of the Anglo-American common law rests on court decisions, so the law student builds his knowledge and understanding of the law on a study of actual cases. This case and problem method is used also in law school examinations.

(2) *Skills and Techniques.* Practical techniques in getting a lawsuit started, writing legal documents, arguing a case, finding the law, advising clients, et cetera, are skills through which the lawyer uses his knowledge to solve human problems and to earn a living. The opportunity for this type of training occurs both in class and out. The Practice Court, the Law Clubs, the Procedure courses, several of the Seminars, the Summer Apprenticeship Program, the courses in Legal Bibliography, Legal Method, Legal Research and Writing, and Law Journal Note Editing are designed to give the student

some idea of how he will practice his profession. Some of the substantive or theory courses also include projects designed to promote this type of training, such as preparing an abstract of title to property or drafting a contract or will.

(3) *Legal Writing.* A lawyer spends a great part of his time communicating ideas and solutions to the courts, to his clients and to the public which he serves. Without good skill in clear, concise and accurate written and oral expression he cannot hope to put his legal knowledge and skill to full use. Thus strong emphasis is placed on this phase of the student's legal instruction and training. Every student in the College who is not a member of the law review staff must complete at least two legal writing courses, and all students are required to take two seminars in which written research papers are prepared. This training, together with the experience gained in preparing appellate briefs in the law club competition and in writing for the law review, gives all students a real opportunity to improve their writing and research ability.

(4) *Individual Study and Research.* On the theory that a substantial part of the law student's training and nearly all of the lawyer's post-school development are the result of his own individual study and effort, this type of work is emphasized and encouraged at all times. A large and well-selected law library is an integral part of the College and is in constant use. A varied and interesting seminar program has been initiated recently. The Kentucky Law Journal, one of the country's oldest and important legal periodicals, is published by the students and Faculty to afford an opportunity for individual training in the solution of legal problems through research and writing. Members of the Faculty engage in fundamental legal research and often students help them on it. Best of all, perhaps, the size of the student body, the number of faculty members, and even the physical arrangement of the Law Building, help to create a situation where the counseling of individual students by the Faculty is frequent and a distinctive feature of the College's tradition.

PRELEGAL STUDY

No fixed, comprehensive prelaw curriculum is prescribed by this or any other American law school. However, prospective law students should keep in mind that a broad, basic and liberal education will equip one to study law and also prepare him for a vital role in the community once he has acquired his professional training. Thus he should pursue a degree program in prelaw in which he will learn to

think clearly, will form sound study habits and will have an opportunity to master the methodology and knowledge of a particular field under the guidance of good instructors. As a general rule courses in English, accounting, logic, philosophy, a foreign language, speech, political science, history, the physical sciences, sociology, psychology, business administration and the social and behavioral sciences lend themselves to the breadth of background needed by a law student and a lawyer.

The importance of a sound background in use of the English language cannot be stressed too greatly. A fundamental knowledge of grammar, a good vocabulary, an ability to read rapidly with understanding, an ability to express one's thoughts in a clear and organized fashion, are all absolutely essential to success in the study of law. Any prelaw student who is deficient in English should take immediate steps to correct the situation by taking additional English courses, by seeking remedial help and by self-study. Otherwise he may be seriously handicapped in the study of law and may even jeopardize his admission to law school.

A prelaw and law program leading to the prelaw and law degree in six years is described on page 12 of this Bulletin under the heading "Degrees."

ADMISSION

Requirements. In addition to the general requirements for admission to the University, an applicant for admission to the College of Law must be at least eighteen years of age and have completed at least three years of acceptable college work (90 semester credit hours, at least six of which must be in English and not more than nine of which may be in nontheory courses). In addition, the applicant must have made a grade point average of at least 2.3 (on a 4-point scale: A = 4, B = 3, C = 2, D = 1, E = 0) or its equivalent on *all* prelaw college work taken, provided, however, that an applicant with a grade point average between 2.0 and 2.3 may be considered for admission and may be admitted upon demonstration of special legal aptitude. An applicant who has been previously enrolled in another law school will be admitted only if he is in good standing in a law school which is a member of the Association of American Law Schools, if he meets the requirements for beginning students at the College of Law of the University of Kentucky, and if he has made an academic average in law which, had it been made in the College of Law of the University of Kentucky, would entitle him to continue his studies here.

In considering applicants who seek admission without a grade point average of at least 2.3, the demonstration of special legal aptitude involves the following factors and is determined by the University Dean of Admissions with the advice of the Law faculty: (1) The applicant must have an undergraduate degree or have completed prelaw requirements on a combined degree curriculum; (2) The grade point average on *all* prelaw work must be at least 2.0 and the nearer it is to 2.3 the better; (3) The academic record should have improved toward the end of the prelaw work, and (4) The applicant must have taken the National Law School Admission Test and scored well on it.

Beginning law students are accepted only for the first semester of the academic year, except that admission for the second semester may be granted in rare instances if the applicant holds an undergraduate degree or is on a combined degree program and has a prelaw grade point average of at least 2.5. Any applicant seeking second semester admission should consult the Dean of the College of Law in advance.

How and When to Apply. The Dean of Admissions and Registrar of the University of Kentucky is the admitting officer for the College of Law. Application is made by submitting to his office a complete application form together with supporting transcript when final grades are available. Application should be made well in advance by writing to or obtaining the necessary forms from the Dean of Admissions, University of Kentucky.

All applications and allied papers for fall enrollment must be in the hands of the Dean of Admissions not later than August 15, and applications received after this date will not be considered for fall enrollment. Applicants without a 2.3 prelaw average who seek admission on a demonstration of special legal aptitude must submit a National Law School Admission Test score. If this test has been taken prior to application, the application must be received not later than August 15. If the test has not been taken before application, the application must be received not later than July 15, in order that the applicant may arrange to take the test, *which is given at the College of Law on the first Saturday in August each year.* The National Law School Admission Test is prepared, graded and administered by the Educational Testing Service, Princeton, New Jersey. Application to take the test must be made directly to the Educational Testing Service well in advance of the various testing dates which it arranges throughout the country each year. Information concerning these dates and applications for the test may be obtained from the Educational Testing Service, or the University of Kentucky Dean of Admissions, or the Dean of the College of Law.

DEGREES

Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) Students admitted to the College of Law as regular students will be eligible for the degree of Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.) upon completion of a minimum of three academic years (six semesters) of residence, and 83 semester hours of courses, in the College of Law, with an academic standing of 2.0 or better.

For Prewlaw Students at the University of Kentucky: Inasmuch as the requirements of the College of Law call for a total of at least six years in college and law school before the degree of LL.B. can be obtained, the attention of the student is particularly called to the fact that if he enters with three years' prelaw he can obtain the degree of B.S. in Commerce and also the degree of Bachelor of Laws. In a similar way the combined curricula in Arts and Sciences and in Law will lead to the degree of Bachelor of Arts and the degree of Bachelor of Laws. The first year's work in Law is credited toward the B.S. degree in Commerce or the A.B. (Arts and Sciences) degree as well as toward the LL.B. degree, and the student may thus obtain his first degree after having been registered one year in the law school and having completed one year's work therein; and two years later, upon completing the two remaining years in Law, he will be granted the degree of LL.B., thus obtaining both degrees in six years. It should be noted, however, that entrance into law school with only 90 semester hours will not satisfy requirements for the A.B. or B.S. degree under this program, inasmuch as slightly more than 90 hours are required by the College of Arts and Sciences or the College of Commerce, as the case may be, in satisfaction of their degree requirements. College of Arts and Science degree requirements are described on

page 58 and College of Commerce requirements are described on page 159 of the University of Kentucky General Catalog.

Detailed information as to the first three years of the combined program may be obtained from the Dean of the College of Arts and Sciences or the Dean of the College of Commerce.

For Prelaw Students at Other Institutions A combined degree program which gives the undergraduate degree (A.B. or B.S.) and the law degree (LL.B.) in six years frequently can be worked out by the prelaw student who does not take his prelaw work at the University of Kentucky. If the undergraduate college concerned is willing, the College of Law will make available to it the 28 semester hours of work in law which the student earns in his first year of law study here. If the other undergraduate degree requirements have been satisfied before admission to law school, the first year of law normally will furnish enough "elective" hours to complete the degree. Since the undergraduate degree is awarded by the undergraduate college and not by the College of Law, prelaw students should consult their college dean or prelaw adviser about arranging this program. The Dean of the College of Law will, upon request, furnish additional information about this program to those interested.

SCHOLASTIC REGULATIONS

Students must maintain satisfactory attendance and grades to be eligible to continue in good standing in the College of Law. Students having a cumulative standing of less than 1.5 at the end of the first semester, 1.8 at the end of the first year, or 1.9 at the end of the second year will be dropped for poor scholarship. The maximum student load is 15 semester hours; the minimum is 12, if full residence credit is to be earned. Other Scholastic Regulations of the Faculty are posted on the Bulletin Board in the Law Building.

FEES AND EXPENSES INFORMATION

Fees:

Residents of Kentucky: per semester	\$ 86.00
Nonresidents: per semester	191.00

What the Student Receives for His Fees: Class instruction, health and infirmary service, admission to athletic contests, including football and basketball, and to convocations, use of the libraries and of the Student Union Building, use of the law students' lounge, a discount on admissions to the Guignol Theatre, a subscription to "The Kentucky Kernel," the student newspaper, a subscription to the Kentucky Law Journal, and admission to all programs of the Central Kentucky Community Concert and Public Forum Series, probably the finest series of this kind in the entire United States.

Expenses: It is difficult to make estimates of expenses that will be reliable for a period of time, in view of the national economic

situation, and the following estimates are based on the spring semester, 1959.

Per semester:

Room	\$ 90.00
Board	190.00
Books	50.00
Laundry and cleaning	20.00
Incidentals	50.00
<hr/>	
\$400.00	

Actual expenses, of course, vary according to the habits and means of the individual.

Housing. There are plenty of private rooms in Lexington, and some rooms in the University's new dormitory, available for unmarried men. Apartments for married students are also available.

Men Students are advised that information as to housing may be obtained from the Dean of Men.

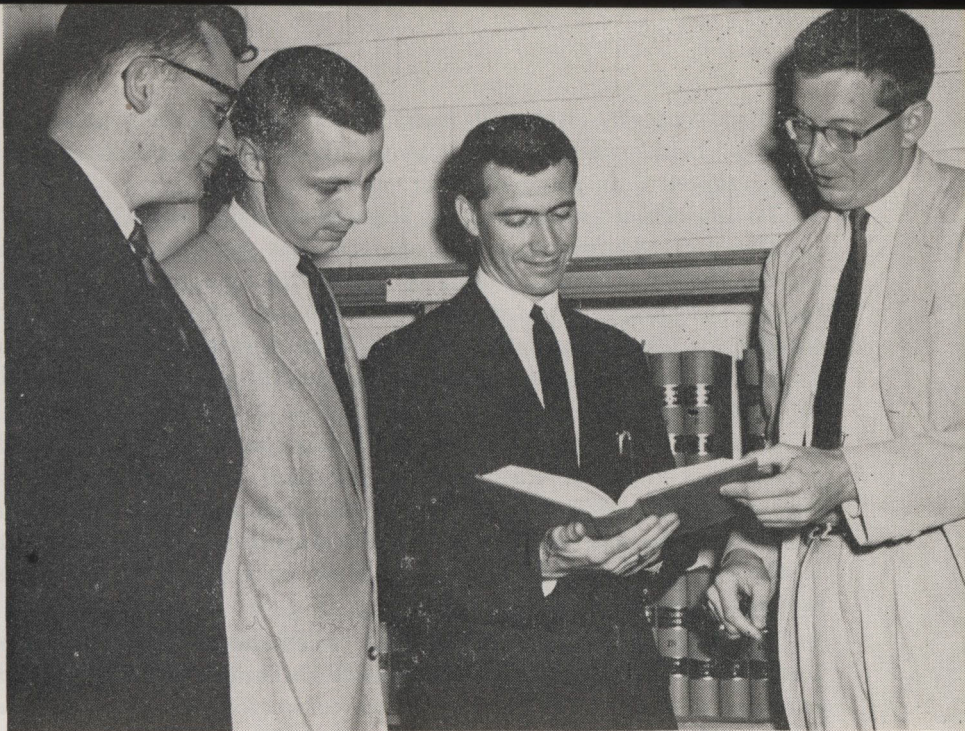
Women Students should write the Dean of Women as early as possible for information as to room and board reservations.

Veterans. There are University housing projects for veterans and their families. For full information, write the Dean of Men.

Meals. In addition to the Student Union Commons, and the Donovan Hall Cafeteria, where excellent food is served at very reasonable cost, there are many private boarding houses and restaurants near the campus. Women students may eat all meals in the women's dormitories, and men students residing in dormitories will have their morning and evening meals included in their dormitory fee.

Outside Work. While there are many opportunities at the University and in Lexington for part-time employment, law students are urged to come financially prepared to devote their full time to their law study if at all possible, *especially* during their first year of law. They will find it difficult to do adequate studying if they have less than full time to devote to it. For students who are not able to complete their courses without financial help, certain loan funds are available. Details may be obtained from the University Student Loan Fund Committee.

Other Information. Fuller information on veterans' matters, housing, meals, expenses, part-time work, as well as information on health service, recreational facilities, religious opportunities, personnel services, Army and Air Force R.O.T.C. and so on will be found in the



Editors of the Kentucky Law Journal

University Catalog, obtainable from the University Registrar, University of Kentucky.

FACILITIES AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS

The University. The University of Kentucky was founded February 22, 1865. For the performance of its principal function, that of instruction, it is organized into nine colleges and a Graduate School. In addition, it makes major contributions to the welfare of the state through research and public service in a wide variety of fields.

More than seventy permanent buildings have been erected on the 706-acre Lexington campus, and additional buildings are under construction. The campus is famous for its natural beauty.

A small city in itself, the University has its own postoffice, bookstore, radio station, newspaper, theatre, police force, museums, and hospital. Campus life is regulated largely by the students themselves, through the Student Congress. The more than 100 other student organizations include honorary, professional, leadership, religious, forensic, literary, social, athletic, music, art and many other worthwhile societies.

Plays, concerts, lectures, motion pictures, athletic contests, art exhibits, book exhibits, social events and traditional observances are presented throughout the year.

The enrollment of students in September, 1958, was 8,727.

The main campus of the University has been located at Lexington, Fayette County, Kentucky, since the founding of the institution. Lexington is a community of some 100,000 inhabitants, situated in the heart of the beautiful Blue Grass region of central Kentucky, famous for its scenery, thoroughbred horse farms, culture and hospitality.

Institutions Represented. Students come to the College of Law from many different institutions throughout the Nation. In the academic years 1957-59, 58 institutions were represented and ten per cent of the law students in 1957-59 were from states other than Kentucky, including Idaho, Illinois, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Tennessee and Virginia.

The Law Building. Lafferty Hall, which houses the College of Law, is located on the main campus of the University. It is a comparatively new building, having been completed in 1937. Of contemporary architecture, it houses, besides classrooms and the offices of the Faculty and administrative staff, the law library and reading room, the student lounge, study rooms, the Law Journal offices, a seminar room and a large courtroom. The law library and reading room are air-conditioned.

The Law Library. More than 60,000 carefully selected volumes, including several thousand currently being accessioned, are contained in the law library, making it one of the finest in the South. It has the statutes and Reports of all the states and of the federal jurisdictions and England, and the important legal digests, citators, encyclopedias, annotated cases and treatises, besides receiving some 169 legal periodicals and a number of loose-leaf services regularly. Substantial additions are made annually. Many of the most frequently used volumes are available to students in the reading room without formality, and most other books can be obtained by a student in a matter of seconds.

The official records of all cases in the Court of Appeals of Kentucky from 1860 to a decade ago are now housed on the University campus (records prior to 1860 were destroyed by fire nearly a century ago).

The University Library, only a few steps from Lafferty Hall, is readily available to law students. It already contains well over 740,000 volumes and is one of the fastest-growing libraries in the

South. An official U. S. Government depository, it contains thousands of volumes of invaluable legal research materials.

Kentucky Law Journal. Of the seventy law reviews published by the Nation's law schools, the Kentucky Law Journal is the tenth oldest. Publication has been continuous since 1912. Four issues are published annually by the College of Law.

The Journal is edited by a Student Editorial Board under the supervision of a Faculty Editor. Each issue contains, among other things, eight to ten notes on important legal topics and recent cases, written by students. Their preparation affords valuable training to the students in the analysis of legal problems and in the use of a law library.

Student representatives attend meetings of the Southern Law Review Conference and of the National Law Review Conference each year.

The Law Clubs. Four Law Clubs are operated by the students, with the advice and assistance of the Faculty and other members of the bar, for the purpose of affording training and experience in competitive oral argument and brief-writing. The Clubs are named for Kentuckians who have been members of the United States Supreme Court. The students engage in annual series of legal arguments before practicing lawyers and judges, with the four winning student lawyers going to Frankfort to conduct an argument before the Court of Appeals of Kentucky each autumn. The two most successful students in the Law Club Competitions represent the College in the National Moot Court Competition sponsored by the Association of the Bar of the City of New York.

Summer Apprenticeship Program. Through this program, arrangements are made for all law students who so desire to spend from two to six or more weeks during the summer as apprentices in the offices of outstanding lawyers and law firms. The student may serve such an apprenticeship in the community of his choice, in or outside Kentucky, following his first year or second year in law school, or both. The Kentucky State Bar Association assists in placing the students for the program.

Law Day. A day set aside in the spring, usually the Friday preceding the Kentucky Derby, is known as "Law Day" at the University. Feature of the Day may be an address by an outstanding member of the profession, or a panel discussion by several lawyers who are qualified to speak on the chosen topic. Other Law Day events include intraclub competitive arguments by the members of the Law Clubs, a "Recognition Luncheon" in honor of graduating

seniors and other law students who have won honors during the year, a demonstration trial staged by seniors, and the annual Student Bar Association dinner dance.

Convocations. Each year a series of talks by successful judges and practitioners is presented to the law seniors. These talks cover a variety of subjects supplemental to the normal curriculum, such as bar examination requirements, practice in the inferior courts, investigation of facts, job opportunities, etc. Two or three law school convocations are also held annually, usually to hear addresses of exceptional interest to law students by particularly outstanding speakers.

Practice Court. The College, nearly forty years ago, became one of the first law schools in the country to make a Practice Court an integral part of the curriculum. Law students act as judges, counsel, witnesses and jurors, and realistic trials are conducted weekly in the large courtroom in the Law Building. The trials are open to the student body.

Federal and State Courts. Both the Federal District Court for Eastern Kentucky and the Fayette County Circuit Court are in continuous session in Lexington. In addition, the state capital, Frankfort, where the Court of Appeals of Kentucky and other branches of the state government are located, is only some twenty-five miles away.

Institutes for Practicing Lawyers. The College sponsors at least once a year an institute or special course on a subject of special interest to the legal profession and other professional groups.

LAW SCHOOL ORGANIZATIONS

Order of the Coif. About one-third of the accredited law schools of the Nation have been granted charters by the Order of the Coif, an honor society for the recognition of excellence in legal scholarship. Charters are granted only to law schools of recognized all-around excellence and membership by selection is limited to those students who complete the three years in the top 10% of their class academically and demonstrate outstanding academic ability.

Student Bar Association. The Student Bar Association is the law students' social and intellectual forum. It is affiliated with the American Law Student Association sponsored by the American Bar Association, and student delegates attend national conventions of the American Bar Association. The Student Bar Association brings prominent judges and attorneys to speak to the law students, holds regular meetings at which action is taken on a wide variety of mat-

ters of interest to the students, and sponsors occasional luncheons and dinner dances. All law students are automatically members of the Association.

Legal Fraternities. Two of the leading national legal fraternities, Phi Alpha Delta and Phi Delta Phi, have chapters at the University of Kentucky College of Law. Both are active in the promotion of their purposes to maintain and elevate the professional and ethical standards of the legal profession, and to provide worthwhile social organizations as sources of enduring friendships and helpful associations within the profession.

SCHOLARSHIPS AND AWARDS

A number of scholarships and prizes are awarded annually to deserving students. Outstanding among these are the "Kentucky Law Scholarships," made possible by the generosity and interest of alumni and members of the bar who contribute annually to the Scholarships Fund. Ranging in amount from \$100 to \$500, and dependent upon the gifts received, these scholarships are based upon character, need, and academic ability. Application forms may be obtained by writing the Dean's office and should be submitted, if possible, by June first preceding the academic year for which a scholarship is sought. Both beginning and advanced law students are eligible to compete for these scholarships, but advanced students who have made a good record in law stand the best chance for a scholarship when funds are limited.

Cash prizes awarded annually include the following:

Nathan Burkan Awards—\$150 and \$50 for the best essays in the field of Copyright Law.

Lawyers Title Award—\$100 for the best work in basic Property courses.

Security Trust Company Prizes—\$100, \$50, and \$25 for the best entries in the annual Will-Drafting Contest.

Louisville Title Insurance Company Award—Two prizes of \$50 each for excellence in title examination.

The Kentucky State Bar Association annually awards a trophy to the student submitting the best essay on a topic concerned with legal ethics.

Several law students are appointed as Law Library Assistants each term, thus gaining an opportunity to earn money in part-time employment within the law school.

There are also many awards of valuable law books each year. Some are listed below:

American Jurisprudence Prizes—joint gifts of the Bancroft Whitney Company and the Lawyers Co-operative Publishing Company: some twenty specially-bound titles from American Jurisprudence for achievement in certain courses.

American Law Book Company Awards—for achievement in certain courses.
W. H. Anderson Company Awards—for winning the Annual Law Club Competitions.

Bobbs-Merrill Award—for best performance in Practice Court.

Bureau of National Affairs Award—for greatest improvement during third year.

Callaghan and Company Award—for highest standing in first year work.

Foundation Press Awards—for greatest improvement during second year, and for achievement in certain courses.

Kentucky Law Journal Awards—for best student contributions to the Journal (3).

Shepard Award—for highest cumulative standing upon graduation.

West Publishing Company Awards—for highest standing in second- and third-year work; for runners-up in Law Club Competitions; for best performance in Practice Court.

Westerfield-Bonte Company Awards—for winners in the annual Moot Court Competition.

ADMISSION TO THE BAR

In Kentucky, and many other states, the initial application to take the bar examination leading to admission to practice must be filed at the time of, or soon after, entrance into law school. Students who intend to practice in Kentucky should inquire at the office of the Dean shortly after enrollment for information on this and other regulations concerning admission to the Kentucky bar. Others should investigate the requirements of the states where they expect to practice; the Dean's office will assist upon request.

COURSES OFFERED

The three academic years of law study cover a general law curriculum designed to be completed in six 18-week semesters. 83 semester hours of work in law are necessary to qualify for the LL.B. degree. The normal student load per semester is 14 hours; the maximum is 15 (exclusive of military or air science); the minimum for full residence credit is 12, and the minimum allowed is 6. An 8-week summer session is held in which the student may earn a maximum of 7 hours and a minimum of 3. No beginning students are admitted in the summer.

The 83 semester hours for the LL.B. degree include certain required courses, certain required courses in legal research and writing, at least 2 seminars (one from a group of 4 in the second year and one from a group of 3 in the third year) and certain elective courses.

All courses (including seminars and electives) are offered each year with an occasional exception to meet special needs. The fall semester offerings and the spring semester offerings are the same each year (with rare exceptions), but the courses taught in the summer sessions will vary. In general the courses should be taken in the sequence created by their classification as first year, second year or third year courses.

A faculty committee assists all students with special schedule problems.

Below is a listing of law courses by year and semester with the required and elective courses indicated. If read in order, it will show the complete course of study for the student carrying a normal load who expects to earn the LL.B.

degree in six semesters. All courses listed compose the total annual offerings of the College. Detailed course descriptions are given in the University of Kentucky General Catalog.

First Semester

Second Semester

FIRST YEAR

Required:	
Torts I	3 hours
Procedure	3
Contracts I	3
Criminal Law	2
Legal Method	2
Legal Bibliography	1
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14 hours	

Required:	
Torts II	3 hours
Equity	3
Contracts II	2
Criminal Procedure	2
Property I-II	4
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14 hours	

SECOND YEAR

Required:	
Constitutional Law	4
Commercial Law	4
Property III	3
Trial and Appellate Procedure	3
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14 hours	

Required:	
Evidence	4
Corporations	4
Taxation I	3
Legal Profession	1
Seminar	2
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14 hours	

THIRD YEAR

Required:	
Trusts	3
Conflict of Laws	3
Practice Court	1
Legal Research and Writing or Law Journal Note Editing	2
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9 hours	

Required:	
Seminar	2
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2 hours	

Elective:	
Credit Transactions	3
Agency-Partnership	3
Oil and Gas	2
Future Interests	2
Legislation	2
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14 or 15 hours	

Elective:	
Estate Planning	4
Administrative Law	3
Creditors' Rights	3
Modern Social Legislation ...	3
Taxation II	2
Labor Law	2
Government Regulation of Business	2
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12 to 15 hours	

RECENT GRADUATES (LL.B.)

<i>Name</i>	<i>Hometown</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Hometown</i>
<i>June, 1957:</i>			
Arthur Eugene Abshire, McAndrews		Luther Porter House, Jr., Adolphus	
William Eugene Bivin, Paducah		Mercyl Merle Hurlburt, Lexington	
William Charles Brafford, Jr., Robinson Creek		Dale Charles Nathan, Louisville	
Josef Leland Brewster, Lexington		Walter King Sibbald, Jr., Cincinnati, Ohio	
Beauchamp Evans Brogan, Middlesboro		Henry Robert Snyder, Springfield, Ohio	
Wayne Jackson Carroll, Earlington		James Bedford Stewart, Frankfort	
Robert Camillus Cetrulo, Covington		Marvin Wilson Suit, Flemingsburg	
Gerald William Fuller, Lexington		Oliver Wendell Waddell, Falmouth	
		Hunter Byrd Whitesell, Fulton	
<i>August, 1957:</i>			
James Leo Cloar, Jr., Middlesboro		Herbert Hoover Haynes, Hazard	
Robert Edward Harding, Jr., Lexington		William Edward Johnson, Lexington	
<i>January, 1958:</i>			
Glenn Leon Greene, Jr., Harlan		Edward Glenn Sanderfur, Hartford	
Reginald Grady Ruff, Hopkinsville		David Lee Van Horn, Lexington	
Paul Andrew Saad, Lexington		Fauster Joseph Vittone, Masontown, Pennsylvania	

June, 1958:

Brantly DeWitt Amberg, Hickman
Florence Anne Burchett, Ashland
William Allen Carter, Lockport
Henry Holman Dickinson, Glasgow
Jessie Lynne Doyle, Harlan
John Patton Gartin, Ashland
Joseph Burge Helm, Lexington
Jesse Stephen Hogg, Whitesburg
Joseph Eversole Johnson III, Lexington

John Paul Kirkham, Lawrenceburg
Noah Mitchell Meade, Lexington
John Daniel Miller, Stanley
Hugh Delano Moore, Shelby Gap
John Wathen Morgan, East Bernstadt
Leslie White Morris II, Lexington
Charles Eugene Palmer, Jr., Shelbyville
James Park, Jr., Lexington
Albert Wayne Spenard, Kankakee, Illinois

August, 1958:

Louis Joseph Amato, Lexington
Britton Prescott Franklin, Louisville

Max Martin Smith, Frankfort
James Lewis Williams, Maysville

January, 1959:

Harry Wendell Cherry, Horse Cave
Richard Maurice Compton, Georgetown
Richard Dewey Cooper, Hazard
William Ray Forester, Harlan
Thomas Milledge Galphin, Louisville
Kent Parrott Hollingsworth, Lexington

Garland Whitt Howard, Allen
Gross Clay Lindsay, Lexington
James Hackett Lucas, Manchester
James B. Miniard, Hazard
Bobby Knox True, Eminence
Stuart Yussman, Lexington

The fees, courses, and requirements for entrance and graduation set forth herein are subject to change without notice.

